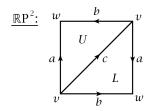
## MAT 762, Algebraic Topology, Fall 2013

Homework Assignment 2

**Problem 1.** Given two abelian groups M and N, one can define Ext(M, N) and Tor(M, N)by  $\text{Ext}(M, N) := H^1(\text{Hom}(C_*, N))$  and  $\text{Tor}(M, N) := H_1(C_* \otimes N)$  where  $C_* \to M \to 0$  is a free resolution of M. Compute Hom(M, N),  $M \otimes N$ , Ext(M, N), and Tor(M, N) for all  $(M, N) \in \{\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}_m\} \times \{\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}_n\}.$ 

**Problem 2.** Compute the simplicial cohomology of the following  $\Delta$ -complex in two different ways: (a) directly from the definitions, and (b) by using the Universal Coefficient Theorem and Problem 3 of the previous homework assignment.



**Problem 3.** (Hatcher, Section 3.1, Exercise 5) Regarding a cochain  $\alpha \in C^1(X)$  as a function from paths in X to Z, show that if  $\alpha$  is a cocycle, then

(a)  $\alpha(f \cdot g) = \alpha(f) + \alpha(g),$ 

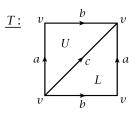
(b)  $\alpha$  takes the value 0 on constant paths,

(c)  $\alpha(f) = \alpha(g)$  if f is homotopic to g with fixed endpoints,

(d)  $\alpha$  is a coboundary iff  $\alpha(f)$  depends only on the endpoints of f, for all f.

*Remarks.* (a) and (c) give a map  $H^1(X) \to \text{Hom}(\pi_1(X), \mathbb{Z})$ , which the Universal Coefficient Theorem says is an isomorphism if X is path-connected. The proof of (b) and (c) would be somewhat more obvious if  $\alpha$  were a cubical singular 1-cocycle.

**Problem 4.** For the following  $\Delta$ -complex, compute the simplicial cup product  $(a^* - b^*) \cup (b^* + c^*)$  and show that it is nonzero in the simplicial cohomology of  $T \cong S^1 \times S^1$ . Conclude that  $H^*(T)$  and  $H^*(S^1 \vee S^1 \vee S^2)$  are isomorphic as abelian groups but not as graded rings.



This homework is due on Tuesday, October 1, 2013.